## **2024 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT**

## **Cooper Township Municipal Authority**

### **PWSID # 6170041**

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua de beber. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien. (This report contains very important information about your drinking water. Translate it or speak with someone who understands it.)

WATER SYSTEM INFORMATION: This report shows our water quality and what it means. If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact the office staff at (814) 345-5673. We want you to be informed about your water supply. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held the first Wednesday of each month at 6pm at the C.T.M.A. office building.

#### SOURCE OF WATER:

Black Bear Reservoir: Source ID 001, 3 miles east of Philipsburg, PA on State Route #504

Well #1: Source ID 002, adjacent to the Black Bear reservoir, it is used as a back-up water source

A Source Water Assessment of our sources was completed by the PA Department of Environmental Protection (Pa. DEP). The Assessment has found that our sources of are potentially most susceptible to road deicing materials, on lot waste water, and accidental road spills. Overall, our sources have a high risk of significant contamination. A summary report of the Assessment is available on the Source Water Assessment & Protection webpage at

http://www.dep.state.pa.us/dep/deputate/watermgt/wc/Subjects/SrceProt/SourceAssessment/default.htm). Complete reports were distributed to municipalities, water supplier, local planning agencies and PADEP offices. Copies of the complete report are available for review at the Pa. DEP Philipsburg (Moshannon) Regional Office, Records Management Unit at (814)342-8200.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

MONITORING YOUR WATER: We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. The following tables show the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2024. The State allows us to monitor some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of our data is from prior years in accordance with the Safe Drinking Water Act. The date has been noted on the sampling results table.

#### **DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS:**

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Minimum Residual Disinfectant Level – The minimum level of residual disinfectant required at the entry point to the distribution system.

Level 1 Assessment – A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment – A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

*Mrem/year* = millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

pCi/L = picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity) ppb = parts per billion, or micrograms per liter ( $\mu g/L$ )

*ppm* = parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

*ppq* = parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter

# **DETECTED SAMPLE RESULTS:**

Chemical Contaminant	MCL	MCLG	Highest Level Detected	Range of Detections	Units	Sample Date	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Total Organic Carbon	TT	N/A	<b>% Removal</b> <b>Required</b> 25%- 45%	% Removal Achieved (1) 12.5% - 41.7%	% Removed	2024	No Quarters in 2024 out of Compliance	Naturally Present in the environment
Chlorine (Distribution)	MRD L= 4	MRDL G=4	1.96 (April 2024)	1.15 – 1.96	ppm	2024	Ν	Water additive used to control microbes
Barium	2	2	0.076	0.029-0.076	ppm	2024	N	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Total Trihalomethanes	80	N/A	38.36 <b>(2)</b> (2nd Quarter)	15.90-48.00	ppb	2024	Ν	Byproduct of drinking water chlorination
Haloacetic Acids	60	N/A	37.41 ( <b>2</b> ) (2nd Quarter)	23.30-44.70	ppb	2024	Ν	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection

(1) In quarters that the percent achieved was below required, there was no exceedance of the MCL because we met alternative compliance criteria as required by the PA Safe Drinking Water Act.

(2) Indicates that these are the highest running annual average (RAA) calculated during 2024.

Entry Point Disinfectant Residual									
Contaminant	Contaminant Disinfectant Residual		Range of Detections	Units	Lowest Sample Date	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination		
Chlorine 2024	0.20	0.40	0.40 - 2.10	ppm	3/10/24	Ν	Water additive used to control microbes.		

Contaminant	Action Level (AL)		90 <sup>th</sup> Percentile Value	Range of Tap Sampling Results	Units	# of Sites Above AL of Total Sites	Violation of TT Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Lead (2022)	15	0	4.5	0-6.34	ppb	0 out of 20	Ν	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Copper (2022)	1.3	1.3	0.855	0-1.68	ppm	0 out of 20	Ν	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives

Lead: Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Cooper Township Municipal Authority is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact Cooper Township Municipal Authority Office Staff at (814) 345-5673. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at. www.epa.gov/safewater/lead

A lead service line inventory was completed in 2024, and it was determined there were no lead service lines in our distribution system and numerous lines were determined to be unknown materials. To access the service line inventory, contact Cooper Township Municipal Authority Office Staff at (814) 345-5673.

Contaminant	MCL	MCLG	Highest Level Detected	Sample Date	Violation of TT Y/N	Source of Contamination
Turbidity	TT=1 NTU for a single measurement	0	0.99	6/24/2024	Ν	Soil Runoff
	TT= at least 95% of monthly samples ≤0.3 NTU		99.33%	2024	Ν	

**Violations:** We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During 2024 we were required to monitor for Haloacetic Acids (5) and Trihalomethanes  $\pm$  3 days of 3/12/24 but sampled late on 6/12/24. We are required to monitor for Heptachlor (SOC) quarterly and failed to monitor in the first and fourth quarters of 2024. We are required to monitor for Alkalinity-Total quarterly, we failed to monitor in the first quarter of 2024 until 4/17/24. We are required to monitor for TOC quarterly, we failed to monitor for the first quarter of 2024 until 5/1/24. A public notification of these violations is enclosed at the end of this report.

### **EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION:**

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.
- In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA and DEP prescribe regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA and DEP regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

# IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER FAILURE TO MONITOR

### ESTE INFORME CONTIENE INFORMACIÓN IMPORTANTE ACERCA DE SU AGUA POTABLE. HAGA QUE ALGUIEN LO TRADUZCA PARA USTED, O HABLE CON ALGUIEN QUE LO ENTIENDA.

### Monitoring Requirements Not Met for Cooper Township Municipal Authority

Our water system violated several drinking water standards over the past year. Even though these were not emergencies, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we did to correct these situations.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During 2024 we failed to monitor for Haloacetic Acids (5), Trihalomethanes, Alkalinity-Total, and TOC on time as we are required. We failed to sample for Heptachlor (SOC) in the first and fourth quarter of 2024.

#### What should I do?

There is nothing you need to do at this time.

The table below lists the contaminants we did not properly test for during the last year, how often we are supposed to sample for Haloacetic Acids (5), Trihalomethanes, Heptachlor (SOC), Alkalinity-Total, and TOC, how many samples we are supposed to take, how many samples we took, when samples should have been taken, and the date on which follow-up samples were taken.

Contaminant	Required sampling frequency	Number of samples taken	When all samples should have been taken	When samples were taken
Haloacetic Acids (5)	Quarterly <u>+</u> 3 days of March 12	2	<u>+</u> 3 days of March 12, 2024	6/12/24
Trihalomethanes	Quarterly <u>+</u> 3 days of March 12	2	<u>+</u> 3 days of March 12, 2024	6/12/24
Heptachlor (SOC)	Quarterly	1	$1^{st}$ and $4^{th}$ Quarter of 2024	N/A
Alkalinity-Total	Quarterly	1	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	4/17/24
TOC	Quarterly	2	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	5/1/24

#### What happened? What was done?

During 2024 we were required to monitor for Haloacetic Acids (5) and Trihalomethanes  $\pm$  3 days of 3/12/24 but sampled late on 6/12/24. We are required to monitor for Heptachlor (SOC) quarterly and failed to monitor in the first and fourth quarters of 2024. We are required to monitor for Alkalinity-Total quarterly, we failed to monitor in the first quarter of 2024 until 4/17/24. We are required to monitor for TOC quarterly, we failed to monitor for the first quarter of 2024 until 5/1/24.

For more information, please contact the CTMA office at (814) 345-5673.

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

This notice is being sent to you by Cooper Township Municipal Authority.

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