

2023 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT

Township of Farmington

PWSID #: 6160043

Este informe contiene información importante acerca de su agua potable. Haga que alguien lo traduzca para usted, ó hable con alguien que lo entienda. (This report contains important information about your drinking water. Have someone translate it for you or speak with someone who understands it.)

WATER SYSTEM INFORMATION:

This report shows our water quality and what it means. If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Farmington Township at 814-744-8523. We want you to be informed about your water supply. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held the first Wednesday of each month at 7:00 pm at the municipal building.

SOURCE OF WATER:

Our water is purchased from Pennsylvania American Water. The Clarion River is the sole source of supply for the Clarion service area which includes Farmington Township. In February of 2003, the PA Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP) completed an assessment for the drinking water sources for the Clarion System. The water sources are considered most vulnerable to the following activities: accidental release of known or unknown contaminants along the major transportation corridors, bridges, and railroads; accidental release of petroleum products from auto repair and storage facilities or cumulative release of fuel products from boating; storm water runoff from transportation corridors and residential developments near the intake carrying multiple contaminants; accidental release from upstream paper mills. A summary report of the Assessment is available on the Source Water Assessment & Protection Web page at <http://www.dep.state.pa.us/dep/deputate/watermgmt/wc/Subjects/SrceProt/SourceAssessment/default.htm>. Complete reports were distributed to municipalities, water supplier, local planning agencies and PA DEP offices. Copies of the complete report are available for review at the PA DEP Northwest Regional Office, Records Management Unit at (814)332-6945.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the *Safe Drinking Water Hotline* (800-426-4791).

MONITORING YOUR WATER

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. The following tables show the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2023. The State allows us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of our data is from prior years in accordance with the Safe Drinking Water Act. This report shows results of both Farmington Township's distribution system results and Clarion PA American Water's entry point sample results. The dates have been noted on the sampling results table.

DEFINITIONS

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Minimum Residual Disinfectant Level (MinRDL) - The minimum level of residual disinfectant required at the entry point to the distribution system.

Level 1 Assessment – A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment – A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an *E. coli* MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Mrem/year = millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

pCi/L = picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

ppb = parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)

ppm = parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

ppq = parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter

ppt = parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter

Chemical Contaminants			Detected Sample Results					
Contaminant	MCL	MCLG	Highest Level Detected	Range of Detections	Units	Sample Date	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Distribution Chlorine (Farmington)	MRDL = 4.0	MRDLG = 4.0	0.97 (December 2023)	0.41-0.97	ppm	2023	N	Water additive to control microbes
Nitrate (Farmington)	10	10	0.34	N/A	ppm	7/26/23	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
(PA American)	10	10	0.34	N/A	ppm	4/3/23	N	
Fluoride (PA American)	2 ⁽¹⁾	2	0.52	N/A	ppm	8/3/23	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Sodium (PA American)	N/A ⁽²⁾	N/A	25.20	N/A	ppm	8/3/23	N	Sodium is a natural constituent of raw water, but its concentration can be increased by pollution sources such as rock salt treatment, run-off, and detergents.
Dalapon (PA American)	200	200	1.10	0.00-1.10	ppb	2023	N	Runoff from herbicide used on rights of way
Trihalomethanes (Farmington)	80	NA	51.14 ⁽³⁾ (Average of 8 Samples)	14.50-133.00	ppb	2023	N	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Haloacetic Acids (5) (Farmington)	60	NA	28.64 ⁽³⁾ (Average of 8 Samples)	8.90-62.80	ppb	2023	N	By-product of drinking water chlorination

(1) EPA'S MCL for fluoride is 4 ppm. However, Pennsylvania has set a lower MCL to better protect human health.

(2) For healthy individuals, the sodium intake from water is not important because a much greater intake of sodium takes place from salt in the diet. However, sodium levels above the recommended upper limit of 20 ppm may be of concern to individuals on a sodium restricted diet.

(3) Compliance is based on the running annual average at each location (LRAA) and the Range Detected reflects all samples used to calculate the running annual averages.

Entry Point Disinfectant Residual							
Contaminant	Minimum Disinfectant Residual	Lowest Level Detected	Range of Detections	Units	Lowest Sample Date	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Chlorine (PA American) 2023	0.2	1.028	1.028-3.69	ppm	1/22/23	N	Water additive used to control microbes.

Turbidity						
Contaminant	MCL	MCLG	Highest Level Detected	Sample Date	Violation Y/N	Source of Contamination
Turbidity (PA American)	TT=1 NTU for a single measurement	0	0.6828 5/11/23	2023	N	Soil runoff
	TT= at least 95% of monthly samples ≤0.3 NTU		99.93% 2023		N	

Turbidity is a measure of the cloudiness of the water. It is monitored because it is a good indicator of the effectiveness of the filtration system.

Contaminant	Range of % Removal Required	Range of percent removal achieved	Number of quarters out of compliance	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Total Organic Carbon (% removal) (PA American) 2023	35%	45.70%-50.40%	0	N	Naturally present in the environment

Adequate removal of TOC may be necessary to control the unwanted formation of chlorinated by-products. Naturally occurring organic matter present in the source water can react with the disinfectants used at the treatment facility to form these by-products.

Lead and Copper							
Contaminant	Action Level (AL)	MCLG	90th Percentile Value	Units	# of Sites Above AL of Total Sites	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Lead 2022 (Farmington)	15	0	0.72	ppb	0 out of 10	N	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Copper 2022 (Farmington)	1.3	1.3	0.208	ppm	0 out of 10	N	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives

Lead –If present, elevated levels can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Farmington Township is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Violations: On 5/16/23 we sampled for Distribution Chlorine, but the sample results were reported late to the PA Department of Environmental Protection resulting in a Monitoring/ Reporting violation. On 3/24/23 we sampled for Distribution Chlorine but had a reporting error resulting in a Monitoring/ Reporting violation. It has since been corrected.

EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION:

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater run-off, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA and DEP prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA and DEP regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's *Safe Drinking Water Hotline* (800-426-4791).

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OTHER INFORMATION:

Farmington Township

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Phone: 814-744-8523

Supervisors: Robin Kahle, Dave Crise, Chuck Gilbert